Motivation

Benefits of One-on-One Tutoring
– More Effective than Traditional Classrooms (measured by diagnostic tests; “2-Sigma Problem”)\(^1,2\)
– Can Reflect a Student-Centered Picture of Learning

Drawbacks of One-on-One Tutoring
– Lack of Qualified Tutors
– High Labor Cost


Implication:
Human Tutoring is Generally not Feasible

Possible Solution:
Computer-Based Tutoring\(^3\)

3. Reif (1999)

Motivation

Research Opportunities:
• Scaffolding\(^4,5\)
• Transfer\(^6\)
• Computer-Based vs. Hands-On Experiments\(^7\)


Our Project Goal:
Develop & Test A Web-Based Tutoring Interface

3. Reif (1999)
Why is Tutoring so Effective?

Three Considerations:

1. The Tutor
2. The Student
3. The Interaction

In Tutoring Students Can/Must4,5:
1. Construct Explanations
2. Ask “Deep” Questions
3. Self-Evaluate

While Tutors Failed to4,5:
1. Gauge Understanding
2. Recognize Misunderstanding
3. Seize Scaffolding Opportunities

Cognition and Learning

Piagetian Constructivism
- Students Construct Their Own Knowledge
- Students Have Prior Knowledge
- Prior Knowledge Informs Construction

8. Inhelder and Piaget, (1958)

System Design

Teaching Materials: Newtonian Mechanics

Our Short-Term Goal:
Design and Test a Set of Learning Cycles
For Newtonian Mechanics

System Design

Four Learning Cycles

1. Newton’s 1st Law
2. Newton’s 2nd Law
3. Newton’s 3rd Law
4. Motion Under Force

Materials Created with FCI in mind

The Story So Far…

This Semester:

Development & Preliminary Test of First Learning Cycle

Newton’s First Law

Exploration
• Three Experiments/Observations
• Measurements are Simple, Straight-forward and Precise
• Measurements Follow a Logical Direction

Newton’s First Law

Formal Introduction
• TA Facilitates a Discussion of Student Results
• Students Have an Opportunity to Ask Questions

Newton’s First Law

Application
• Three Activities
• Focus on Conceptual Understanding (Explanation)
• Focus on Task Completion

Preliminary Testing

Setting: Algebra-based Physics Lab (GP1)

Students: ~270 in 8 Sections Working in Groups of Four

Equipment: One Set-Up per Group

Methods: Observation & Video Recording

Preliminary Testing

Student Reactions:
• Virtually No Difficulty with Completion
• Somewhat Faster/Easier than Normal Labs
• Few Strong Preferences, Much Indifference

Problems:
• Group Work => No Individualized Info.
• Written Words are not Spoken Words
• “Diffusion of Treatment”
Next Step

• Generate Materials for all Learning Cycles
• Do an Extended Study in Algebra-Based Lab
  • Observe & Record “Normal” and Experimental Labs
  • Interview Students, Triangulation
• Study/Interview Individual Users
• Obtain Input From Real High School Teachers

References


The End