Investigating Students' Conceptual Understanding and Transfer in Mathematics

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Motivation

Gain insights into students' ...

- Conceptual development of mathematical understanding over time, and their
- Ability to work in different contexts and with different representations.

Research Questions

- RQ1: If and when do students develop conceptual understandings of mathematical ideas such as functions?
- RQ2: How do students' conceptual understanding of mathematical ideas support or fail to support transfer of learning to new contexts?
- RQ3: Do experiences from other contexts support development of conceptual understanding in pure mathematics?

Theoretical Perspective

- APOS Theory (Dubinsky '91) Rate students' conceptual understanding as at the Action, Process, or Object level.
- Action: able to carry out rote procedures, bound to specific representations
- <u>**Process**</u>: able to see the process as a whole, can use multiple representations, can reverse the process, compose with other processes, etc.
- <u>**Object</u>**: reify the process into an object, can discuss properties of the object or collections of examples of the process</u>
- In determining these ratings we also utilize the ideas of Vygotsky's Zone of Proximal Development and consider what students can accomplish both on their own and with additional hints.

Research Context

- Calculus sequence through Differential Equations
- Longitudinal tracking through additional courses in physics and engineering

Methodology

Individual teaching/learning interviews with problems at multiple levels that call for manipulating representations other than algebraic formulas for functions





Preliminary Results



- Some students' conceptual understanding grows over time, but other students succeed in the courses without gaining conceptual understanding.
- Students typically understand multiple representations, but have trouble coordinating ideas across more than one representation in a single problem.
- Students tend to transfer ideas in algebraic representations more easily than in other representations when applying ideas to other disciplines.



